# Crawford School Dialogue Australia's carbon price: good policy or not?

The Jobs Issue

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# Illustration of what "job loss" means in public debate: a major misunderstanding

- (A) The misunderstanding from the news; but need to look after the LTU
- (B) Example concerning the Emissions Trading Scheme debate (2009):

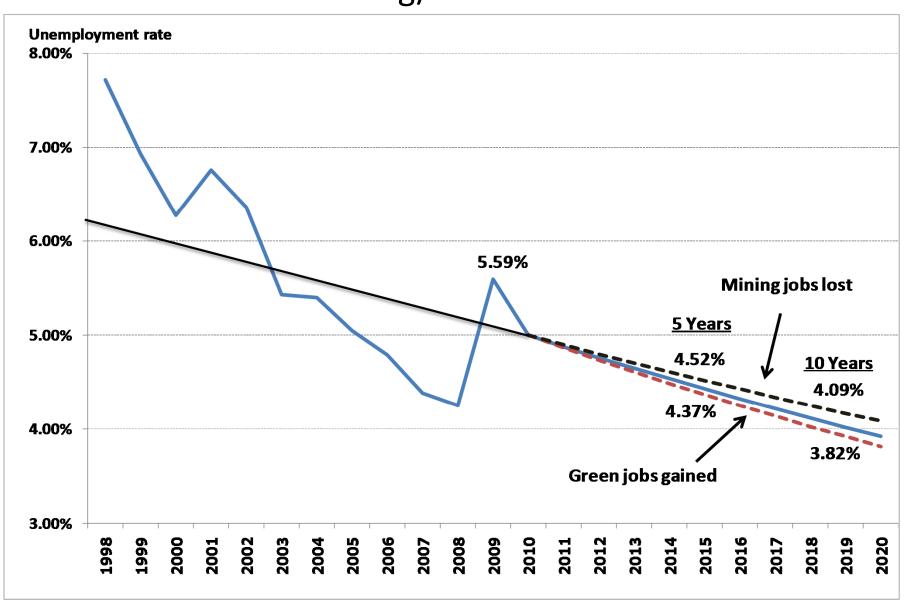
Reactions from the CEO of the Minerals Council of Australia to the ETS:

- (i) 'The CPRS (emissions trading) scheme will shed 23,510 jobs in the minerals sector by 2020.' [The Australian May 2008] {Counter-factuals are critical to this}
- (ii) The Climate Institute estimated that there will be an additional 31,743 'green jobs' from the ETS, 2010-2030 (about 15,872 by 2020)
- (C) Not interesting to most economists ('so what?'):
  - (a) switching of behaviour is obvious, AND(b) the flows figures are well known

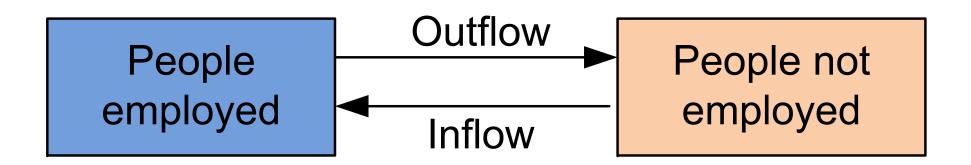
### Outline: Different Approaches and Data (basically the same point)

- (i) Labour market stocks, dynamic simulation to 2020
- (ii) Aggregate monthly outflows *from* employment and inflows *to* employment (ABS job flows data)
- (iii) Additional monthly outflows and inflows from the ETS (mining/green jobs)
- (iv) HILDA: Understanding outflows in the mining sector
- (v) HILDA: Mining outflows from employment: where did they go, 2001-08?

### (i) ETS: 2010-2020 Unemployment Rate Projections with Mining/Green Jobs



# (ii) Understanding Monthly Labour Market Flows, Simply



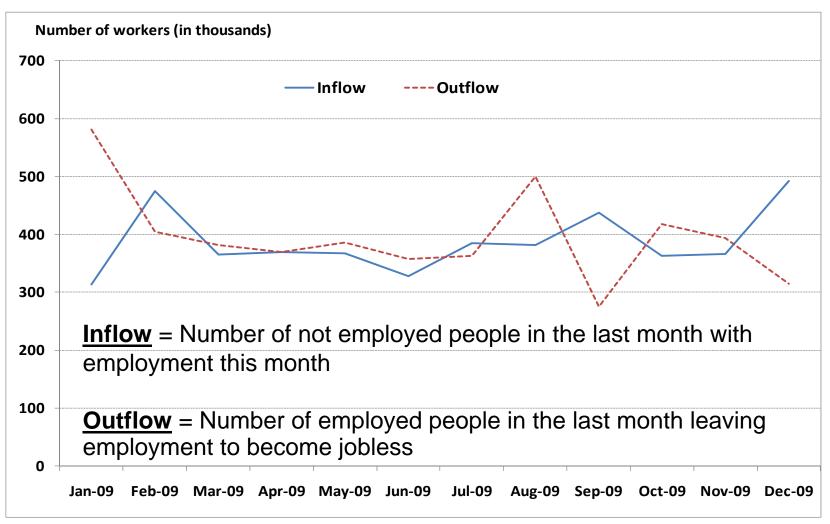
# (iii) Monthly Gross Flows Descriptive Statistics (1998 – 2009)

Data	Mean	Standard Deviation	Min	Max
Inflow	372,270	51,590	284.87	530.68
Outflow	367,920	71,960	226.41	588.86
Net inflow	4,350	3,800	-271.75	200.33

N = 144

Source: ABS, Labour Market Flows, Cat. 6202.

# Illustrating Flows Aggregate Variations in Inflows and Outflows for 2009



Source: Calculated from ABS, The Labour Force, Catalog 6202.2

#### Monthly Employment Flows (average 1998-2009)

Month	Inflow to	Outflow from Employment
	Employment	
Average per month	372,270	367,920
Average per (8 hr) day	18,614 (581 people in 15 mins)	18,396 (575 people in 15 mins)

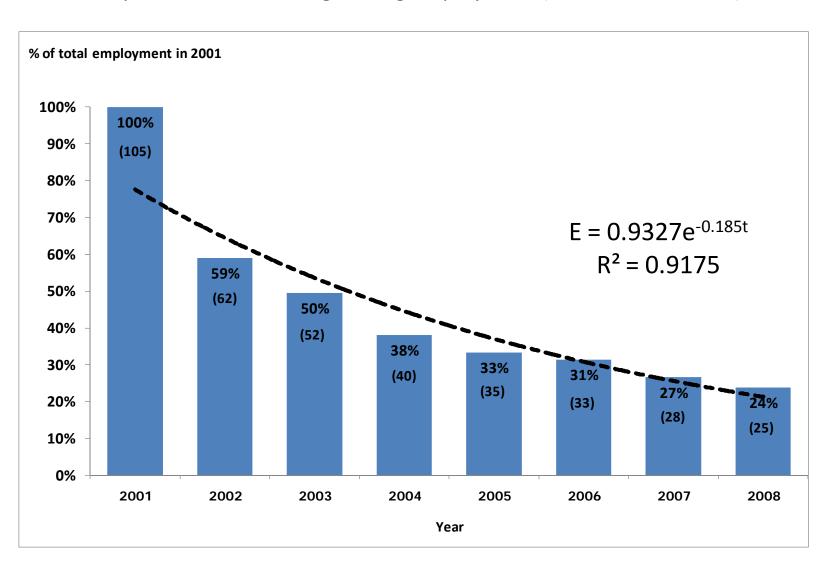
# Contribution of the ETS to Monthly Employment Outflows/Inflows (2011-2020)

(Calculated by taking the average of monthly flows from 1998-2009)

Variable	Person/Percent
Average monthly inflow/outflow without the ETS*	372,270 /367,920 people
Additional monthly outflow contribution from mining jobs, 2010-2020	196 people
Additional monthly inflow contribution from 'green jobs', 2010-2020	133 persons
Monthly Contribution of ETS to outflows/inflows	0.05 (0.036) per cent
	(net addition = - 1.4 jobs per 10,000)

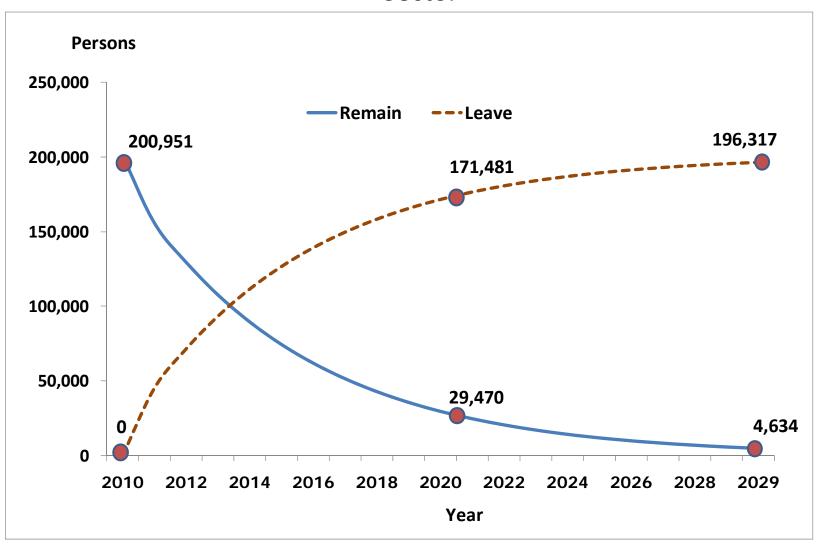
# HILDA: More on Understanding Flows Labour Market Outflows for the Mining Sector:

Proportion of Continuing Mining Employment (2001 HILDA Cohort)



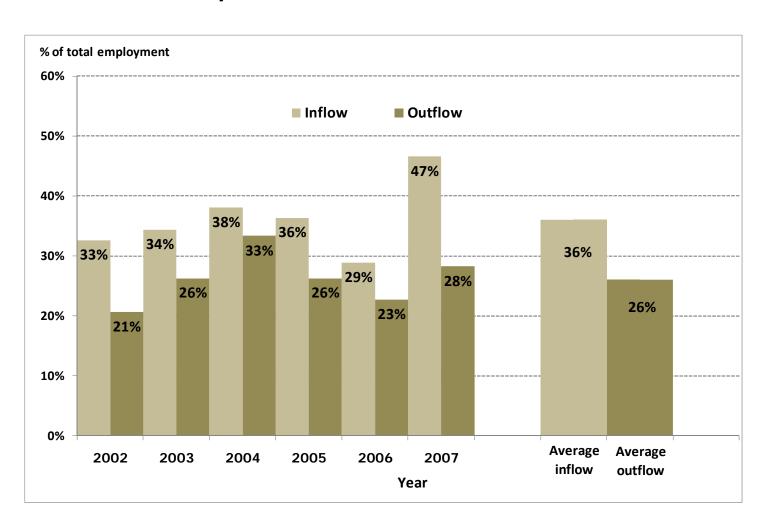
#### **Understanding Flows**

Aggregate Projections of Mining Employees Who Leave/Remain in the Sector\*

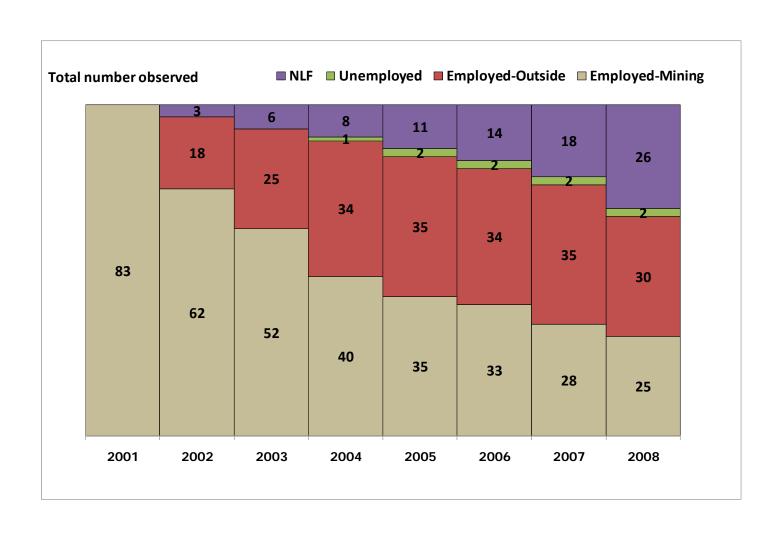


<sup>\*</sup>Mining employment data from ABS Catalog 6291.0.55.003 (November 2010)

# Employment Inflows and Outflows from Mining per year, HILDA 2001-2008



# Labour Market Destinations of Mining Employees, HILDA 2001-08 (Where do they go?)



#### Conclusions

- (i) Major misunderstanding of net job figures
- (ii) 2010-2020 effects on employment/unemployment stocks is tiny
- (iii) Extraordinary extent of job flows in aggregate
- (iii) Net aggregate contributions from mining job loss or green jobs gain are trivial (*invisible*) in a flows context
- (iv) HILDA: Mining inflows/outflows per year are also very high
- (v) HILDA: "Where do they go from mining?" not to unemployment
- (vii) For the carbon price debate, the jobs issue is a non-issue